Fruitland Township Muskegon County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

March 31, 2022



Fruitland Township White River Light Station Museum

Fruitland Township

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
to the Statement of Activities	15
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Changes in Net Position	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule—General Fund	27



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Township Board Fruitland Township Whitehall, Michigan

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fruitland Township, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Fruitland Township, Michigan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fruitland Township, Michigan, as of March 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Fruitland Township, Michigan, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Fruitland Township, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

BRICKLEY DELONG

Township Board Fruitland Township Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Fruitland Township, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Fruitland Township, Michigan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

BRICKLEY DELONG

Township Board Fruitland Township Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

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Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Muskegon, Michigan

July 14, 2022

As management of Fruitland Township, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT

The General Fund fund balance increased \$243,697.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Township's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, community and economic development and culture and recreation activities. The Township does not currently have any business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories—governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

Fruitland Township maintains one governmental fund, the General Fund.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary finds is much like that used for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the Township. As stated earlier, net position may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of March 31, 2022, the Township's net position from governmental activities totaled \$3,477,858.

Current assets increased as the Township had a surplus. Capital assets decreased because depreciation exceeded current year capital additions. Current liabilities increased due to unspent American Rescue Plan Act funds.

In examining the composition of net position, the reader should note that governmental activities include net position that is invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.). These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. Certain other governmental net position is shown as restricted, meaning that it is subject to external restrictions on how it may be used. The unrestricted net position for governmental activities depicts a balance of \$2,456,210. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2022	2021		
Current assets	\$ 2,943,192	\$ 2,398,525		
Capital assets	868,665	899,666		
Total assets	3,811,857	3,298,191		
Current liabilities	333,999	33,029		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	868,665	899,666		
Restricted	152,983	150,142		
Unrestricted	2,456,210	2,215,354		
Total net position	\$ 3,477,858	\$ 3,265,162		

Governmental Activities

Net position of the Township's governmental activities increased by \$212,696 (6.5%) during the 2022 fiscal year. The following table shows these results.

Grants and contributions not restricted increased due to an increase in State revenue sharing. Miscellaneous revenues decreased due to a drop in the sale of noncapital asset sales. Public works expenses fluctuate depending on the amount of road improvements performed during a year with fewer projects being performed in the current year than in the prior year. Culture and recreation expenses increased as a result of additional spraying for spongy moths during the year and temporary restroom facilities. The following table depicts these occurrences.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	
Revenues:			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 242,337	\$ 246,516	
Operating grants and contributions	32,266	28,831	
Capital grants and contributions	-	5,000	
General revenues			
Property taxes	411,868	404,086	
Franchise fees	43,596	43,681	
Grants and contributions not restricted	582,153	494,020	
Unrestricted investments earnings	4,036	7,160	
Miscellaneous	9,422	63,726	
Total revenues	1,325,678	1,293,020	
Expenses:			
General government	469,317	439,980	
Public safety	223,530	212,820	
Public works	304,833	384,297	
Heatlh and welfare	20,155	18,860	
Community and economic development	33,357	26,788	
Culture and recreation	61,790	52,423	
Total expenses	1,112,982	1,135,168	
Change in net position	212,696	157,852	
Net position - Beginning	3,265,162	3,107,310	
Net position - Ending	\$ 3,477,858	\$ 3,265,162	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, Fruitland Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$2,609,193, an increase of \$243,697. The health of the General Fund may be measured by the ratio of unassigned fund balance to annual expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 145% of the General Fund's expenditures (114% in the prior year).

At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the Township's General Fund reported unassigned fund balance of \$1,577,447. The remainder of the fund balance is nonspendable for prepaid items or restricted for right-of-way improvements of \$55,684, public works utilities of \$85,261, White River Light Station preservation and maintenance of \$10,000, and Township hall improvements of \$2,038. In addition, the Township Board has committed \$784,276 for road construction and maintenance and \$92,023 for equipment replacement.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the Township made the following significant budget amendments:

- The property taxes revenues budget was increased by \$29,897 due to higher than initially expected taxable values and administration fees.
- ➤ The licenses and permits revenues budget was increased by \$20,634 due to increased building activity.
- > The Township property expenditures budget was increased by \$10,000 to remove the McMillan Road-end stairway.
- ➤ The building inspections expenditures budget was increased by \$11,229 due to increased building activity.
- The parks expenditures budget was increased by \$12,297 due to the installation of additional temporary restroom facilities at Township parks and additional spraying for spongy moths.

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

- ➤ Intergovernmental revenues State were over budget by \$80,101 as there was a significant increase in State revenue sharing this year.
- Capital outlay expenditures were under budget by \$43,755 due to less than anticipated capital asset purchases as some items were deferred until the next fiscal year.

Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of March 31, 2022 totaled \$868,665 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and equipment and vehicles.

During the fiscal year, the Township purchased a scoreboard for the baseball field at the Township hall.

Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities			
		2022		2021
Land	\$	400,913	\$	400,913
Buildings and improvements		369,559		386,304
Equipment and vehicles		98,193		112,449
Total	\$	868,665	\$	899,666

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note D of the "Notes to Financial Statements" of this report.

General Economic Overview

The Township's General Fund is comprised of two major revenue sources, state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. These two sources comprise approximately 70 percent of the General Fund's revenue sources. In fiscal year 2023, the Township is conservatively budgeting a small increase in revenue sharing and no increase in property tax revenues.

The Township expects General Fund expenditures for operations in fiscal year 2023 to increase approximately 7 percent due to inflation compared to fiscal year 2022. The Township is in the midst of a multi-year road improvement project with the Road Commission. For fiscal year 2023, improvements to portions of Lorenson, Jay, and McMillan Roads are budgeted. The Township's share of these projects is approximately \$131,500. For capital activity, the Township has budgeted improvements to its entryway, painting of the Township hall, driveway improvements to the Ecology Station, a new well for the Ecology Station, and various improvements to the park including a pump house, concrete, and dugout improvements. The cost of these improvements is expected to be approximately \$50,000

The Township has received approximately \$300,000 in funding through the American Rescue Plan Act and expects to receive another \$300,000 in fiscal year 2023. Amongst the purchases currently planned with this funding are a well, generator, bathroom upgrades, Wi-Fi for the parks and pavilion, replacing the McMillan Road end stairs, and new tablets for the Board Trustees. The Township is continuing to consider how to responsibly spend the remainder of this funding, which must be allocated by the end of 2024.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Fruitland Township's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Fruitland Township, 4545 Nestrom Road, Whitehall, MI 49461 or telephone (231) 766-3208.

Fruitland Township STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,832,177	
Receivables		
Accounts	1,392	
Property taxes	11,647	
Due from other governmental units	95,512	
Prepaid items	2,464	
Total current assets	2,943,192	
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net		
Nondepreciable	400,913	
Depreciable	467,752	
Total noncurrent assets	868,665	
Total assets	3,811,857	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	32,496	
Unearned revenue - expenditure-driven grants	301,503	
Total liabilities	333,999	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	868,665	
Restricted		
Right-of-way	55,684	
Public works - utilities	85,261	
White River Light Station preservation and maintenance	10,000	
Township Hall capital improvements	2,038	
Unrestricted	2,456,210	
Total net position	\$ 3,477,858	

Fruitland Township STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended March 31, 2022

		Progr	am Reven	ue	t (Expense) evenue and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	-	nting Grants	inges in Net Position
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 469,317	\$ 22,792	\$	-	\$ (446,525)
Public safety	223,530	125,087		2,855	(95,588)
Public works	304,833	79,635		8,630	(216,568)
Health and welfare	20,155	-		20,781	626
Community and economic development	33,357	8,500		-	(24,857)
Culture and recreation	61,790	6,323		-	(55,467)
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,112,982	\$ 242,337	\$	32,266	(838,379)
General revenues					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					411,868
Franchise fees					43,596
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					582,153
Unrestricted investment earnings					4,036
Miscellaneous					 9,422
Total general revenues					1,051,075
Change in net position					212,696
Net position at beginning of year					3,265,162
Net position at end of year					\$ 3,477,858

Fruitland Township BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds March 31, 2022

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,832,177
Receivables	
Accounts	1,392
Property taxes	11,647
Due from other governmental units	95,512
Prepaid items	2,464
Total assets	\$ 2,943,192
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 32,496
Unearned revenue - expenditure-driven grants	301,503
Total liabilities	333,999
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable - prepaid items	2,464
Restricted	
Right-of-way	55,684
Public works - utilities	85,261
White River Light Station preservation and maintenance	10,000
Township Hall capital improvements	2,038
Committed	
Road construction and maintenance	784,276
Equipment replacement	92,023
Unassigned	1,577,447
Total fund balances	2,609,193
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,943,192

Fruitland Township RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2022

Total fund balances—governmental funds		\$ 2,609,193
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 1,438,568	
Accumulated depreciation	(569,903)	868,665
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,477,858

Fruitland Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Governmental Funds

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Property taxes	\$ 411,868
Licenses and permits	174,000
Intergovernmental revenues	
State	594,957
Local	20,781
Charges for services	110,947
Fines and forfeitures	224
Investment earnings	4,036
Other	8,865
Total revenues	1,325,678
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
General government	431,335
Public safety	223,430
Public works	301,791
Health and welfare	20,155
Community and economic development	33,356
Culture and recreation	51,430
Other governmental functions	16,239
Capital outlay	4,245
Total expenditures	1,081,981
Net change in fund balance	243,697
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,365,496
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,609,193

Fruitland Township

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2022

Net change in fund balance—total governmental funds

\$ 243,697

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Depreciation expense \$ (35,246) Capital outlay 4,245

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 212,696

(31,001)

Fruitland Township STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Fiduciary Funds

March 31, 2022

			Custod	lial Funds		
	E	scrow	Curr	ent Tax	,	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,557	\$	595	\$	2,152
LIABILITIES						
Deposits held for others		1,557		-		1,557
Due to other governmental units		-		595		595
Total liabilities		1,557		595		2,152
NET POSITION						
Restricted for individuals, organizations						
and other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Fruitland Township STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Fiduciary Funds For the year ended March 31, 2022

			Cust	todial Funds	
]	Escrow	Cı	ırrent Tax	Total
ADDITIONS					
Property tax collections for other governments	\$	-	\$	11,463,573	\$ 11,463,573
Escrow deposits received		13,117		-	13,117
Total additions		13,117		11,463,573	11,476,690
DEDUCTIONS					
Payments of property taxes to other governments		-		11,463,573	11,463,573
Escrow deposits returned		13,117		-	13,117
Total deductions		13,117		11,463,573	11,476,690
Change in net position		-		-	-
Net position at beginning of year		-		-	
Net position at end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -

March 31, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Fruitland Township (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Township is a common law township governed by an elected seven-member board. Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Township is considered to be financially accountable for other organizations, those organizations should be included as component units in the Township's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criterion, none are included in the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation—Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The Township has no business-type activities.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The fund financial statements provide information about the Township's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The Township reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund type:

The Custodial Fund is used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

March 31, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting—Continued

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the Township are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

March 31, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

As the Township constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property and equipment of the Township are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Capital Asset Classes</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	15-60
Equipment and vehicles	3-10

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts of net position to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Township will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

March 31, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance—Continued

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Township itself can establish limitation on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Township's highest level of decision-making authority. The Township Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Township that can, by formal action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by formal action remains in place until a similar action is taken (another formal action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Township Board has by resolution authorized the Township Treasurer or Clerk to assign fund balance. The Township Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied and liened on December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollected real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all of these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

March 31, 2022

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses—Continued

Property Taxes—Continued

The 2021 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$314,212,000. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .8794 mills for the Township's operating purposes. This amount is recognized in the General Fund.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit and Investment Risks

Interest Rate Risk

The Township investments policy limits investment maturities to three years. This policy is used as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2022, \$322,972 of the Township's bank balance of \$2,830,471 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

March 31, 2022

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS—Continued

Deposit and Investment Risks—Continued

Custodial Credit Risk—Investments

The Township does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Foreign Currency Risk

The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance April 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance March 31, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 400,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400,913
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles	695,151 338,259	4,245 -	-	699,396 338,259
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,033,410	4,245	-	1,037,655
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Capital assets, net	308,847 225,810 534,657 498,753 \$ 899,666	20,990 14,256 35,246 (31,001) \$ (31,001)	- - - - - \$ -	329,837 240,066 569,903 467,752 \$ 868,665
Depreciation Depreciation expense has been charged to fur General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation			v -	\$ 21,745 99 3,042 10,360 \$ 35,246

March 31, 2022

NOTE E—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss in excess of insurance coverage can be reasonably estimated. There has been no loss in excess of insurance in the past three fiscal years.

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County of Muskegon issued a \$4,940,000 Water Supply System Refunding Bond in 2019 to refund bonds which had been issued to fund improvements to the Northside Water System which includes part of the Township. The Township has pledged its full faith and credit for a portion of the debt should user charges collected by the County be insufficient to make the debt payments. The Township's portion of the debt on March 31, 2022 was \$912,500, or 25 percent of the bonds. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause a shortfall in the near future.

The County of Muskegon issued a \$6,550,000 Water Supply System Refunding Bond in 2015 to refund bonds which had been issued to fund improvements to the Northside Water System which includes part of the Township. The Township has pledged its full faith and credit for a portion of the debt should user charges collected by the County be insufficient to make the debt payments. The Township's portion of the debt on March 31, 2022 was \$1,225,200, or 24 percent of the bonds. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause a shortfall in the near future.

Commitments

The Township has various contract agreements for street projects as of March 31, 2022 of approximately \$131,200.

Jointly Governed Entity

White Lake Fire Authority

The Township, in conjunction with two other governmental entities, created the White Lake Fire Authority. The Authority was formed to jointly provide fire protection and rescue services within the combined service area, which encompasses the participating municipalities. The administrative board of the Authority is comprised of one representative from each participating municipality. No participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Authority (115 S. Baldwin, Whitehall, MI 49461).

March 31, 2022

NOTE F—PENSION PLAN

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Township offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all board members and full-time employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Under the Plan, the Township contributes 15 percent of qualified employees' annual compensation. For the year ended March 31, 2022, the Township's contribution expense was \$32,063.

The Plan has created a trust for the exclusive benefit of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries under rules provided in Internal Revenue Code Section 401(f).

NOTE G—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent 44 percent of General Fund revenues.

NOTE H—UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB Statement 87—*Leases* was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for the Township's 2023 fiscal year. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statements users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.



Fruitland Township Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund For the year ended March 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
•	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 382,440	\$ 412,337	\$ 411,868	\$ (469)
Licenses and permits	151,500	172,134	174,000	1,866
Intergovernmental revenues				
State	514,037	514,856	594,957	80,101
Local	20,166	20,781	20,781	-
Charges for services	114,023	119,238	110,947	(8,291)
Fines and forfeitures	200	324	224	(100)
Investment earnings	4,450	4,450	4,036	(414)
Other	6,550	16,156	8,865	(7,291)
Total revenues	1,193,366	1,260,276	1,325,678	65,402
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government				
Legislative	54,048	56,451	52,553	3,898
Supervisor	50,525	50,748	50,343	405
Election	15,783	15,783	5,204	10,579
Assessor	44,418	44,502	44,204	298
Clerk	53,369	53,436	52,505	931
Board of review	2,021	2,130	1,108	1,022
Treasurer	59,551	59,748	58,707	1,041
Hall and grounds	70,748	70,906	58,185	12,721
Community building	10,438	10,438	5,192	5,246
Township property	30,199	40,199	28,102	12,097
Cemetery	28,252	28,362	18,446	9,916
Professional services	57,010	57,365	56,786	579
Public safety				
Law enforcement	83,900	84,130	78,709	5,421
Building inspections	135,759	146,988	144,721	2,267
Public works				
Road construction and maintenance	205,519	206,034	206,034	-
Drains	750	1,000	1,000	-
Street lighting	19,970	19,970	19,815	155
Lake maintenance	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Sanitation	81,056	83,674	74,942	8,732
Health and welfare				
Senior services	20,166	20,155	20,155	-
Community and economic development				
Planning commission	27,784	31,792	27,006	4,786
Zoning board of appeals	8,409	8,409	6,350	2,059
Culture and recreation				
Museum	27,013	28,448	18,623	9,825
Parks	31,341	43,368	32,807	10,561
Other governmental functions	25,000	25,000	16,239	8,761
Capital outlay	58,000	48,000	4,245	43,755
Total expenditures	1,202,029	1,238,036	1,081,981	156,055
Net change in fund balance	\$ (8,663)	\$ 22,240	243,697	\$ 221,457
Fund balance at beginning of year				
			2,365,496	